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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/492,300	01/27/2000	Toshitaka Agano	Q55891	9715
7.	590 08/14/2002			
Sughrue Mion Zinn Macpeak & Seas			EXAMINER	
2100 Pennsylva Washington, D	nnia Avenue N W C 20037		NGUYEN, JENNIFER T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2674	<u> </u>
			DATE MAILED: 08/14/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



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•	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
, , ,	09/492,300	AGANO, TOSHITAKA		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Jennifer T Nguyen	2674		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	86(a). In no event, however, may a reply by within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS cause the application to become ABAND	be timely filed) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on Ame	endment filed 05/29/2002 .			
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowards closed in accordance with the practice under a Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.				
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>14-16</u> is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep	•			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the				
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		oproved by the Examiner.		
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	•			
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f).		
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents				
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the prior application. 	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•		
14)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(e) (to a provisional application).		
a) The translation of the foreign language pro-				
Attachment(s)	-			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Inform	mary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) mal Patent Application (PTO-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is responsive to Amendment filed on May 29, 2002. The new claims
 7-16 are added, claims 1-16 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Argiro et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,986,662) in view of Jang et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,892,840).

Regarding claim 1, referring to figure 23, Argiro teaches a display device (412) having: at least two sets of maximum luminance (414, 450) (col. 26, lines 24-67) including an image maximum luminance (414) for displaying an image and an ordinary maximum luminance (450) for display non-image information (col. 19, lines 62-67, col. 20, lines 1-64).

Argiro differs from claim 1 in that he does not specifically teach the ordinary maximum luminance being lower than the image maximum luminance. However, Jang discloses an ordinary maximum luminance being lower than the image maximum luminance (figure 4, col. 7, lines 40-43). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the ordinary maximum luminance being lower than the image maximum luminance as taught by Jang in the system of Argiro in order to provide enough bright for diagnostic image and avoid great stress for the viewer's eyes.

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Regarding claims 2-4, the combination of Argiro and Jang further teaches the display device having a luminance adjusting unit (or switching unit or selection unit) (280, 282, 284, 286) which, when the non-image information is displayed in cases of display of only the image, or display of a mixture of the image and the non-image information, or display of only the non-image information, adjusts a brightness of the display in an area of the non-image information or in an entire display screen in accordance with said ordinary maximum luminance (figure 13, col. 20, lines 9-32 of Argiro).

Regarding claim 5, it would have been obvious to obtain an entire display screen is adjusted to a brightness of display not higher than said ordinary maximum luminance in accordance with an operation using graphical user interface in order to provide the good operability and avoid stress for viewer's eyes.

Regarding claims 6, 10, and 11, Argiro further teaches the display device wherein adjustment of a brightness of display in relation to said ordinary maximum luminance and said image maximum luminance is performed by adjustment of either a light source for display (col. 24, lines 13 of Argiro).

Regarding claim 7, Argiro further teaches the display device of wherein the non-image information comprises textual information (figure 23, col. 26, lines 44-67 of Argiro).

Regarding claims 8 and 9, Argiro further teaches the display device wherein the image is displayed at a maximum luminance level for the display represented by n bits and wherein the non-image information is displayed at a maximum level represented by less than n bits and (col. 8, lines 50-61 of Argiro).

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Claims 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Argiro et al. 4. (U.S. Patent No. 5,986,662) in view of Jang et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,892,840) and further in view of Inbar et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,269,565).

Regarding claim 12, the combination of Argiro and Jang differs from claim 12 in that it does not specifically disclose the light source comprises multiple light sources. However, referring to figure 17, Inbar discloses a light source comprises multiple light sources (col. 23, lines 10-11). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the light source comprises multiple light sources as taught by Inbar in the system of Argiro and Jang in order to adjust the current being supply easily.

Regarding claim 13, the combination of Argiro and Jang differs from claim 13 in that it does not specifically disclose a light source control unit which controls current through each of the multiple light sources independently to increase brightness in a region of a display screen or in an entire display screen. However, Inbar disclose a light source control unit which controls current through each of the multiple light sources independently to increase brightness in a region of a display screen or in an entire display screen (col. 54, lines 57-62). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the light source control unit as taught by Inbar in the system of Argiro and Jang in order to provide a satisfactory visibility for viewer.

5. Claims 14-16 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered to pertinent applicant's disclosure.

McKenna et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,737,506) teaches anatomical visualization system.

Killcommons et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,242,996) teaches medical network system and method for transfer of information.

Matsuzaki (U.S. Patent No. 5,856,817) teaches display control method and display controller and display apparatus using the same.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Jennifer T. Nguyen** whose telephone number is **703-305-3225**. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Richard A Hjerpe** can be reach at **703-305-4709**.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, DC. 20231

Or faxed to: 703-872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal

Drive, Arlington, VA, sixth-floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

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should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is 703-306-0377.

Jennifer T. Nguyen Patent Examiner Art Unit 2674

RICHARD HJERPE

SUPERVISORY PATERIT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CELLIER 2600